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To avoid personal injury, property damage, or accidental damage to the product, please read all the information in this chapter before using the product. This equipment is for professional technicians or maintenance personnel to use.

### **Precautions**

- Before installation and commissioning, please read this manual carefully, check the equipment list, and if you have any questions, contact the dealer or Smartsafe immediately.
- The operator must have a basic understanding of four-wheel alignment.
- The operator must have knowledge of the safe use of lifts and the safe maintenance of vehicles.
- After the vehicle maintenance is completed, all loosened bolts and components need to be checked and tightened as required to ensure safety.
- Do not install the WA613 wireless 3D wheel aligner on a vibrating object or a tilted surface. Avoid direct sunlight and moisture.
- Unauthorized disassembly of the equipment is prohibited to prevent component damage, affect inspection, and increase difficulty and cost of maintenance. For damages caused by unauthorized disassembly, the company will not provide any warranty.
- The camera of the WA613 wireless 3D wheel aligner is a key optical component for inspection and needs to be kept clean.

#### Safety Information

Do not operate the four-wheel alignment system in a flammable and explosive environment.

It is strictly prohibited to place any flammable or spontaneously combustible materials (such as cloths contaminated with machine oil and cloths contaminated with flammable solvents) next to the equipment.

Place the equipment away from fire sources, and also place appropriate fire extinguishers next to the equipment.

Do not look directly at the laser emission! Avoid exposing the eyes or skin to

direct or scattered radiation.

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## 1. Overview

## 1.1 **Product Introduction**

The WA613 is a wireless 3D wheel aligner with a brand new industrial design form. It is used to detect the relative positions and angles between vehicle wheels in order to determine the wheel alignment parameters. This guides automobile maintenance technicians in adjusting the wheel alignment parameters to meet the requirements of automobile design, ensuring smooth and safe driving, reducing fuel consumption and tire wear.

The wireless 3D wheel aligner is easy to operate, unaffected by the levelness of the platform, and the tilt of the vehicle body will not affect its accuracy. Dynamic measurement is enabled by pushing the vehicle or rolling the wheels, thus improving the efficiency and accuracy of the measurement.

## **1.2 Features and Characteristics**

- Ready to use out of the box, no assembly or wiring required; factory calibration-free.
- Compatible with multiple platforms, can be adapted to large scissor lifts and four-post lifts.
- With the ST13 intelligent link terminal, measurement data is wirelessly transmitted, allowing you to observe the measurement process and results at any time, making it convenient for chassis adjustment.
- Equipped with a large capacity battery, it is not required to connect to power during the measurement process, making it safer.
- Supports two types of four-wheel alignment measurement methods: standard measurement and quick measurement. It can measure key parameters such as toe-in, camber, caster, kingpin inclination, and thrust angle. It also supports additional measurements such as wheelbase, track width, axle offset, wheel offset, diagonal, and center offset.
- Covers four-wheel alignment data for over 50,000 global vehicle models, and supports user customization.
- Generates professional inspection reports, supports comparison of data before and after tuning, and supports report sharing.

# **1.3** Measurement Range

Vehicle specifications supported		
Wheelbase	1940 mm ~ 4600 mm	
Track width	1290 mm ~ 1900 mm	
Rim diameter (using three-point rim clamp)	275 mm ~ 640 mm	
Tire diameter (using four-point tire clamp)	470 mm ~ 1100 mm	

# 1.4 Operating Environment Requirements

Environmental parameters	Requirements	
Operating temperature	0℃ ~ 45℃	
Operating humidity	20% ~ 90%	
Storage temperature	<b>-20</b> ℃ ~ 70℃	
Storage humidity	10% ~ 90%	
Operating atmospheric pressure	86 kpa ~106 kpa	
ESD protection	Air discharge 8 kV, contact discharge 4 kV	
	It is recommended for indoor use, and	
Light requirements	avoid using in strong sunlight	
	environments.	
Lift way height difference	front and rear difference < 2 mm	

## 1.5 Instructions for Use

The coordinated operation diagram of the WA613 wireless 3D wheel aligner is shown in the figure below. The whole system is mainly composed of the data acquisition section and the ST13 intelligent link terminal. The components of the data acquisition section consist of 2 measurement units and 4 targets.



# 2. Instrument Structure

## 2.1 Overall Structure

The WA613 wireless 3D wheel aligner mainly consists of measurement units (right/left), clamps & targets (FR/FL/RR/RL), ST13 an intelligent link terminal, turntables, a steering wheel fixture, and a brake pedal fixture, all paired with a standard four-post lift.

Note: Products with different configurations have different components and accessories. Please consult the dealer or refer to the product packing list for specifics.

## 2.2 Measurement Unit Assembly

The WA613 wireless 3D wheel aligner has 2 measurement unit assemblies (right/left).



## 2.3 Clamp and Target



Note: The handwheel is used to adjust the height of the clamping jaw.

# 3. Four-wheel Alignment Operation Steps

## 3.1 Preparations

### 3.1.1 Device Activation

When using WA613 for the first time, it is necessary to activate WA613 on the inspection tablet (ST13 intelligent link terminal).

Note: Before activating the device, ensure that the WA613 is in a normal startup state, and that the tablet (ST13 intelligent link terminal) is in a connection attempt state (i.e., the measurement unit is in a flashing blue light state).

- 1) Enter the main interface of the four-wheel alignment measurement program by clicking on the [Four-Wheel Alignment] application on the tablet.
- 2) Click the [Four-Wheel Alignment] icon on the main interface to enter the device activation interface, select the device, and click [Activate].



#### 3) Enter the serial number and activation code for WA613, then click [Activate].



Note: you can click 😑 to scan the device activation code (QR code).

4) Activation is successful.

Activate device				,
Step 1: Please enter the product SN 802050000004	0	Step 2: Scan the QR code or enter the device activation code 25189687	0	8
Step 3, ensure that all devices are turned of	Mes	sage		
The device is activa	ited success	sfully and can be used normally!		
ML		ок		
		Activation completed		

5) Select the device and click [Next].

nt blinking.	
	nt blinking.

### 3.1.2 Use of Positioning Sticker

The product comes with positioning stickers to assist in the installation of the device. Attach the positioning sticker about 1cm away from the surface of the lift and ensure that the positioning surface is parallel to the surface of the lift.



## 3.2 Routine Inspection

Enter the main interface of the four-wheel alignment measurement program by clicking on the [Four-Wheel Alignment] application on the tablet. The main interface displays 6 functions: four-wheel alignment, quick inspection, inspection records, database, device management, and system settings.

Four-Wheel Alignment Quick	Inspection Inspection	n Records Data	base Device Ma	nagement
System Settings				

### 3.2.1 Car Selection

Click the [Four-wheel Alignment] icon on the main interface to enter the routine four-wheel alignment inspection interface, and first select the car.

According to the information of the car to be detected, select the [Region] -> [Brand] -> [Model] -> [Year] -> [Configuration] in order, and then enter the [Car info] interface.

Note: You can enter relevant information in the search box at the top of the screen for quick search.



#### Screen button instructions are as follows:



In the "cars" interface, you can view the standard data of the vehicle, and you can also modify the configuration and add custom data as needed.

ar Select	Region Brand	Model	Year Configura	tion Car info
bicle	Front axl	e	Rear ax	le
spection	Parameter	Min	Standard	Max
asurem It	Front Total Toe	-00°20'	-00°10'	00°00'
impensa	FL Toe	-00°10'	-00°05'	00°00'
	FR Toe	-00°10'	-00°05'	00°00'
	FL Camber	-01°30'	-01°10'	-00°50'
	FR Camber	-01°30'	-01°10'	-00°50'
port	Left Caster	02°10'	02°40'	03°10'
	Right Caster	02°10'	02°40'	03°10'

#### Screen button instructions are as follows:

	This function	on is used to c	ustomize th	e configuratio	n information.
	Click [Mod	ify Configuratio	n] to enter t	he following ir	nterface:
	← Car Select				
	🛱 Car Select	Region Brand	Model	Year Configuration	Car info
	Q Vehicle	Front axl	e	Rear axle	
	Q Inspection	Parameter	Min	Standard	Max
	ent Measurem	Front Total Toe	-00°20'	-00°10'	00°00'
	Compensa	FL Toe	-00°10'	-00°05'	00°00'
	Kinopin	FR Toe	-00°10'	-00°05'	00°00'
μιοαιτγ		FL Camber 🛛	-01°30'	-01°10'	-00°50'
Configuration]	Results	FR Camber	-01°30'	-01°10'	-00°50'
<b>U</b> .	Report	Left Caster	02°10'	02°40'	03°10′
		Right Caster	02°10'	02°40'	03°10′
	EUROPE-ALFA_ROMEO-145/1 Outstanse Version 1.0.12	46-2001-146/1/4/1/6 TS 16V/14S	Car info editor	Cancel Unit setting	s Confirm Configuration
	After mod	lifying the pa	rameter va	llue, click [S	Save Current
	Configurati	ion]. In the po	p-up windo	w, enter the	configuration
	name and	click [OK] to s	save the m	odified config	uration to the
	custom dat	tabase.			

Save Configuration
Enter the configuration name
CANCEL
d to modify the model information of custom data, you
Model Edit] to modify the corresponding information
lick [Save Current Configuration].
Car info editor
Region
ASIA
Brand
DAEWOO
Kodel
Year
2004
Configuration
Evanda
CANCEL
dit]: Cancel editing and return to the car information
on interface.
onfiguration]: Confirm that the configuration has been
nd return to the car information confirmation interface.

	This function is used to modify the units of toe-	in, angle, car
	height, track width, and wheelbase, etc.	
	Unit settings	
	Toe-in unit	
	Degree	>
	Degree and minute	•
	mm (Tire Outside 400 mm)	>
[Unit Settings]	inch(decimal inches) Tire Outside DI 12 inch)	): 
	Angles (camber, caster, thrust angle)	
	Degree	X
	Degree and minute	
	Car height	
	inch(decimal inches)	2
	1/8 in.	<u>)</u>
	1/16 in.	>
	Cancel OK	
ID	Select a car again according to [Region] -> [Brand]	-> [Model] ->
[Keselect]	[Year] -> [Configuration].	
[Confirm car]	Confirm car information and enter the car inspectio	n interface.

### 3.2.2 Vehicle Inspection

Car Select	Tire inspection	Tire tread/pressure inspection	Car height measu	irement
	C LF			🕼 RF
Vehicle Inspection	Tread condition	4	Tread condition	۵
Measurem	+		+	
l ent	Add pictures (up to 3 pictures)		Add pictures (up to 3 pictures)	
Rolling compensa			6	
Kingpin	🕼 LR			C RR
Results	Tread condition	a (11)	Tread condition	6
,	+		+	
Report	Add pictures (up to 3 pictures)		Add pictures (up to 3 pictures)	
			(mmm)	
			0	

Complete relevant vehicle inspections such as the vehicle tire inspection, tread and tire pressure inspection, and car height measurement, then click [Next] to enter the

measurement preparation interface. You can click [Skip Vehicle Inspection] and enter the measurement preparation interface without the need for a vehicle inspection.

#### 3.2.2.1 Tire Inspection

After checking the tread condition, click the [+] button, select the tread condition options for each tire in the pop-up window, and you can attach the corresponding reference photos (up to 3). After completing the tire inspection, click [Next] to enter the "Tread and Tire Pressure Inspection" interface.

LF	RF	LR	RR
Tire normal		Outside wear	
Inside wear		Bilateral wear	
Feathered wear		Spotty wear	
Aging		Underinflation crushing	
Wear limit		Bulge	
Damage/puncture		Coaxial tread pattern/brand inconsistent	
Valve aging		Hub damage	
Unlicensed tires			

#### 3.2.2.2 Tire Tread/Pressure Inspection

After completing the tread and tire pressure inspection, click the corresponding input box on this interface to enter the inspection value. Under the "Tread Depth" option, you can click [+] or [-] to increase or decrease the input box to correspond to the number of grooves for different types of tires (2 to 5).

Here, you can click the [Tread detection Tool] to connect to the corresponding tread detector (purchased separately) for tread inspection.

After completing the tread and tire pressure inspection, click [Next] to enter the "Car Height Measurement" interface.



#### 3.2.2.3 Car Height Measurement

Follow the on-screen prompts to check the height of the vehicle body and enter the measurement value in the corresponding input box. The specific steps are as follows:

- 1) Fill up the vehicle with fuel, coolant, and lubricant, and place the spare tire and tools in their designated positions.
- 2) Use a tape measure to measure the height H of the vehicle by a measuring method as shown in the figure below.
- 3) Enter the measured H value into the corresponding input box.

When all values are green, the vehicle height meets the standards; if one or more red values appear, troubleshooting is required for the vehicle.

After completing the vehicle height measurement, click [Next] to enter the "Measurement Preparation" interface.



### 3.2.3 Measurement Preparation

Install the fixture and device according to the screen instructions, and then perform measurement scanning.

### 3.2.3.1 Fixture Installation



Click [Fixture Installation] and install the relevant fixtures according to the on-screen

instructions.

- 1) Align the front wheels of the vehicle to the center of the turntable.
- 2) After parking the vehicle steadily on the lift, install the wheel chocks on the rear wheels to prevent sliding.
- 3) Align the wheels straight ahead, install the steering wheel lock, put the gearbox in neutral, and release the parking brake.

### 3.2.3.2 Device Installation

After the fixture installation is complete, click [Next] to enter the device installation guide interface and install the relevant device according to the on-screen instructions. Note: It is recommended to install the product's matching positioning stickers on the

side of the lift bridge in advance to assist with device installation.

1) Clamp installation

Please align the clamps with the center of the tires, according to the diagram, clamp the 4 clamping jaws of the clamp onto the metal edge of the wheel rim, and orient the patterned side of the target towards the center (measurement unit).

Note: The clamps must be vertical to the ground, with an allowable error range of -15° to 15°.



2) Measurement unit installation

Please install the measurement unit between the front and rear clamps, and attach the magnetic surface from top to bottom on the side of the lift bridge.



3) Measurement unit alignment.

To ensure that the two measurement units are aligned with each other, visually check that one unit is on the same longitudinal axis as the opposite one.



After the clamps and measurement units are all installed, the indicator lights on the measurement units flash blue quickly, indicating that the measurement units are searching for the ST13 intelligent link terminal. The indicator lights then flash blue slowly, which indicates the device is networking internally. When both measurement

units are successfully connected to the tablet, the indicator lights will be steady on green.

### 3.2.3.3 Global Calibration

After the device is installed, click [Next] to enter the global calibration interface.

After confirming that both measurement unit icons show "Connected", click [Start Calibration].



After calibration is complete, the measurement unit and target icons display "Ready".



After the device installation is complete, click [Next] to enter the "Rolling Compensation" interface, and push the vehicle according to the prompts on the interface and complete the rolling compensation.



### 3.2.4 Rolling Compensation

The rolling compensation operation is as follows:

 According to the interface prompt, first slowly push the vehicle backward until all the pointers stay in the green zone, as shown in the figure below.



2) When the interface prompts "Please push car forward", slowly push the car forward until all pointers stay again in the green zone.



When the interface prompts "Rolling compensation completed", the rolling compensation is complete and it automatically enters the "Measurement Results" interface.



### 3.2.5 Kingpin Measurement

Kingpin measurement is specific to front wheels, including kingpin inclination and caster. The kingpin inclination angle can distribute the vehicle weight evenly on the bearings, protecting them from damage and making the steering force uniform and

steering light. The presence of a caster angle can make the intersection point of the steering axis and the road surface in front of the tire touchdown point, which can use the resistance of the road surface to keep the car moving straight.

#### 3.2.5.1 Preparations

Prepare the following according to the on-screen prompts:

(1) Remove the steering wheel lock.



(2) Measurement preparation

- 1) Install the brake lock.
- 2) Remove the turntable pin.
- 3) Remove the side slip plate pin.



After the preparation is completed, click [Next] to enter the "Kingpin Measurement" interface.

#### 3.2.5.2 Kingpin Measurement

1) Adjust the steering wheel to the straight-ahead position, that is, the two front wheels have equal toe-in.



2) According to the system prompt, turn the steering wheel left or right (slowly and steadily turn the steering wheel), and when the wheel angle reaches or exceeds the set angle (12°), the system prompts to turn the steering wheel in the opposite direction.



3) According to the interface prompt, slowly and steadily turn the steering wheel. When the wheel angle reaches or exceeds the set angle (12°), the system prompts to straighten the steering wheel.

← Kingpin			
Car Select	Remove steering wheel lock	Measurement preparation	Kingpin measurement
Vehicle Inspection			
Measurem ent		10.41°	
Compensa tion		>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	
E Kingpin		Please go right	
Results			
Report			
		Please turn the steering wheel slowl	у
EUROPE-ALFA_ROMEO-145/ Application Version:V2.0.4	146-2001-146/1/4/1/6 TS 16V/145=-VIN 4058042/146	=-VIN 2076236	Previous

4) According to the system prompt, return the steering wheel to its initial position.



After the kingpin measurement is completed, switch to the "Measurement Results" interface.

Note: If you need to adjust the chassis, and the lift has shaking or is lifting, please click

the [] button to perform "Global Calibration" to ensure that the height of the two bridges of the lift is consistent.

### 3.2.6 Measurement Results

This function is used to view and save measurement results. The displayed by default are the "Global" measurement results. To view the separate measurement results for "Rear Axle", "Front Axle", "Symmetry", and other items, simply click the corresponding buttons at the top of the screen.

Click [Unit Settings] to modify the display unit of the measurement item.

Before maintenance, please click [Save Current Value as Before Maintenance]. The measurement results will be updated in real-time after the maintenance is completed. Click [Next] to save the current measurement results and enter the "Inspection Report" interface.



### 3.2.7 Inspection Report

This function is used to view, save, and share the inspection reports. On the right side of the screen, you can click to view the inspection reports for four-wheel alignment, before and after maintenance, before maintenance, current values, symmetrical values, tire inspection, car height, and more.

Vehicle	SmartSaf	e	Repair shop Telephone Email Address		Work order number: Inspection time: Inspector:	1726651899318 2024-09-18 02:31	
X Inspection		Four-Whe	el Alignme	ent Report			
Rolling compensa tion	Customer: Vilk: Car description: EUROPE AL 145VIN 4 License plate number: Kilometers: Color	FA_ROMEO 145/146 2001 058042/146=-VIN 207623	146/1/4/1/6 TS 16V/ 6	Company: Landline number: Mobile number: Email: Address:			Four-Wheel Alignment
Kingpin	0007.	Fo	ur-Wheel Alignme	ent			
		Front left	Front r	ght R	tear left	Rear right	
Results	Tread depth	0.0mm	0.0m	m (	0.0mm	0.0mm	nie (nie) nie
	Tire pressure	0kPa	0kP	1	0kPa	0kPa	Before and after repair
Report	Rolling diameter	0mm	0mm	1	0mm	0mm	Section 1 - Specia
	Car height	0mm	Omn	1	0mm	0mm	
		Before repair	Min value	Standard value	Max value	After repair	

Screen button instructions are as follows:

	Custome	er Information Cle
	Car info License plate number	Personal information Name
	VIN	Landline number
[Edit Customer	Manufacturer ALFA_ROMEO	Mobile number
Information]	Model 145/146	Email
	Year 2001	Company
	Kilometers	Address
	Color	

	The inspection report can be shared via QR code or email.
	Sharing methods
[Share Report]	QR Code
	CANCEL
	You can print the current inspection report or select "Save as
	PDF" in the upper left corner of the pop-up to save the report
	as a PDF document.
	223
	Copies: 1 Paper size: Letter
	SeartSate SeartSate SeartSate SeartSate Company for the Compan
[Print Report]	
	<u>17</u> <u>2</u> <u>3</u> <u>3</u> <u>3</u> <u>4</u> <u>7</u> <u>9</u>
	SaarSate Table SaarSate Saar
Test and save the	Save the inspection report on the ST13 intelligent link
[ lest and save the	terminal, and you can click [Inspection Records] on the main
reportj	interface to query and manage all saved inspection reports.

## 3.3 Quick Inspection

Quick inspection does not include vehicle selection and vehicle inspection steps, and does not perform kingpin measurement. If you need to operate all measurement functions, please select [Four-wheel Alignment] for routine inspection.

### 3.3.1 Measurement Preparation

Click [Quick Inspection] on the main interface to enter the following screen:



Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the steps such as fixture installation, clamp installation, measurement unit installation, measurement unit alignment, and global calibration. After completing the measurement preparation, click [Next] to enter the "Rolling Compensation" interface.

### 3.3.2 Rolling Compensation

The rolling compensation operation is as follows:

1) According to the interface prompt, first slowly push the vehicle backward until all

the pointers stay in the green zone, as shown in the figure below.



2) When the interface prompts "Please push car forward", slowly push the vehicle forward until all pointers stay again in the green zone.



When the interface prompts "Rolling compensation completed", the rolling compensation is complete and it automatically enters the "Measurement Results" interface.

#### 3.3.3 Measurement Results

This function is used to view and save measurement results. The displayed by default are the "Global" measurement results. To view the separate measurement results for "Rear Axle", "Front Axle", "Symmetry", and other items, simply click the corresponding buttons at the top of the screen.



Save the measurement results before maintenance. The measurement results will be updated in real time after the maintenance is completed. Click [Next] to save the current measurement results and enter the "Inspection Report" interface.

### 3.3.4 Inspection Report

This function is used to view, save, and share inspection reports. On the right side of the screen, you can click to view inspection reports for four-wheel alignment, before and after maintenance, before maintenance, current values, symmetry, etc.

Rolling	SmartSaf	e	Repair shop Telephone Emai Addrese		Work order number: Inspection time: Inspector;	1726652051361 2024-09-18 02:34	
tion		Four-Whe	el Alignme	ent Report			
Results	Customer: Vilk: Car description: License plate number: Kilometers: Color:			Company: Landline number: Mobile number: Email: Address:			Four-Wheel Alignment
		Fo	ur-Wheel Alignm	ent			3,3,3
		Front left	Front r	ght R	ear left	Rear right	202
	Tread depth	0.0mm	0.0m	m C	0.0mm	0.0mm	
	Tire pressure	0kPa	0kP	i	0kPa	0kPa	Before and after
	Rolling diameter	Omm	Omr	1	0mm	Omm	repair
	Car height	0mm	Omr		0mm	0mm	Seattle's standard
		Before repair	Min value	Standard value	Max value	After repair	the print of
	Left	-00°27'				-00°27'	2,2,2

#### Screen button instructions are as follows:

[Edit Customer Information]	Modify or add customer information.
[Share Report]	The inspection report can be shared via QR code and email.
[Print Report]	Print the current inspection report or save the report as a PDF document.
[Test and save the report]	Save the inspection report on the inspection tablet, and you can click [Inspection Records] on the main interface to query and manage all saved inspection reports.

### 3.4 Inspection Records

This function is used to view and manage saved inspection reports.

Click the [Inspection Records] on the main interface to enter the "Inspection Records" interface. The inspection records are classified according to the inspection time. Click

the downward/upward arrow on the right side of the corresponding time to expand/collapse the record list.

In the search box at the top of the screen, you can enter keywords of the report name to quickly search and find the corresponding inspection report.

$\leftarrow$	Inspection Records	Q Enter a name		
2024-0	19			
A 2	LFA_ROMEO 145/146 001 Report	Quick Inspection Report	Quick Inspection Report	Quick Inspection Report
20	024-09-18 02:31:39	2024-09-17 23:10:48	2024-09-14 02:45:57	2024-09-14 02:24:18
C R	HRYSLER Delta 2011 eport	Quick Inspection Report	DAIHATSU Applause 1998 Report	ASUNA(INDIA) SUNRUNNER 1992 Report
20	124-09-14 02:20:14	2024-09-14 02:13:47	2024-09-13 23:04:39	2024-09-13 18:40:37
				Edit

Clicking on a single record allows you to view the details of the inspection report, and you can also share and print the inspection report.

SmartSaf	e	Repair shop: Tolephone: Email: Address:	Work order num Inspection Inspe	nber: 1726651899318 time: 2024-09-18 02:31 etor:	
» <del></del>	Four-Wi	neel Alignment Re	eport		
Customer: VIN: Car description: EUROP 405800 License plate number: Kilometers: Color:	E ALFA_ROMEO 145/146 2001 146 2/146=VIN 2076236	/1/4/1/6 TS 16V/145=-VIN Lar	Company: ndline number: Aobile number: Email: Address:		Four-Wheel Alignment
	Front left	Front right	Rear left	Rear right	
Tread depth	0.0mm	0.0mm	0.0mm	0.0mm	
Tire pressure	0kPa	0kPa	0kPa	0kPa	
Rolling diameter	0mm	0mm	0mm	0mm	Before and after repair
Car height	0mm	0mm	0mm	0mm	Anneller (1981)
	Before repair	Min value Stand	May value	After repair	1 Mar 1 M

Click [Edit] to manage the inspection report.

Sm	art Sa	fe

ALFA_ROMEO 145/146 2001 Report	Quick Inspection Report	Quick Inspection Report	Quick Inspection Report
2024-09-18 02:31:39	2024-09-17 23:10:48	2024-09-14 02:45:57	2024-09-14 02:24:18
View Details	View Details	View Details	View Details
CHRYSLER Delta 2011 Report	Quick Inspection Report	DAIHATSU Applause 1998 Report	ASUNA(INDIA) SUNRUNNER 1992 Report
2024-09-14 02:20:14	2024-09-14 02:13:47	2024-09-13 23:04:39	2024-09-13 18:40:37
View Details	View Details	View Details	View Details

#### Screen button instructions are as follows:

[View Details]	View the details of this inspection report.
[Select All]	Select all expanded inspection reports.
[Delete]	Delete the selected inspection report.
[Share Report]	Share the selected inspection report, only one report can be shared at a time.
[Print Report]	Print the selected inspection report, only one report can be printed at a time.
[Exit Edit]	Exit edit mode.

### 3.5 Database

This function includes standard database and custom database. Standard database includes information about various series of products produced by numerous manufacturers both domestically and internationally during their production period, and it can update the content in the database in a timely manner through system upgrades.

### 3.5.1 Standard Database

Click [Database] on the main interface, then select [Standard Database].



In the standard database, select the vehicle by [Region] -> [Brand] -> [Model] -> [Year] -> [Configuration] (you can quickly search by entering the corresponding keywords in the search box at the top of the screen) and enter the "Car info" interface to view the corresponding vehicle's parameter information.

Click [Upgrade] at the bottom of the screen to upgrade the standard database to the latest version.

Note: After the database upgrade, the original custom data will not be lost.

←	Car info	Q	Enter a configuration			
	Region	Brand	Model	Year	Configuration	Car info
	146/1/4/1/6 TS 16	V/145=-VIN 40580	042/146=-VIN 2076236	146/1/4/1/6 T	S 16V/145=VIN 4058043146=	VIN 2076237-
	146/1/8/2/0 TS 16	6V/145=-VIN 40580	042/146=-VIN 2076236	146/1/8/2/0 T	S 16V/145=VIN 4058043146=	=VIN 2076237-
	146/1/9 TD/145=-VIN 4058042/146=-VIN 2076236 146/Junior 1/4 TS/145=-VIN 4058042/146=-VIN 2076236			146/1/9 TD/145=VIN 4058043146=VIN 2076237-		
				146/Junior 1	'4 TS/145=VIN 4058043146='	VIN 2076237-
Route	EUROPE > ALF	A_ROMEO > 145	/146 > 2001 >			
IROPE	ALFA_ROMEO-145/146-2001	Switch				Upgrade

In the "Car info" interface, you can click [Unit Settings] to modify the value display unit

for the corresponding parameters.

Region Brand	Model	Year Configurat	tion Car info
Front a	xle	Rear axl	e
Parameter	Min	Standard	Max
Front Total Toe	-00°20'	-00°10'	00°00'
FL Toe	-00°10'	-00°05'	00°00'
FR Toe	-00°10'	-00°05'	00°00'
FL Camber	-01°30'	-01°10'	-00°50'
FR Camber 🖲	-01°30'	-01°10'	-00°50'
Left Caster	02°10'	02°40'	03°10'
Right Caster	02°10'	02°40'	03°10'

Unit	tsettings	
Toe-in unit		
Degree		0
Degree and minute		0
mm (Tire Outside 400 mr	n)	$\bigcirc$
inch(decimal inches) [ire Outside ]	12 inch)	0
Angles (camber, caster, thrust angle)		
Degree		0
Degree and minute		0
Car height		
inch(decimal inches)		0
1/8 in.		0
1/16 in.		0
	Cancel	ок

Click [Modify Configuration] to modify the corresponding parameter values as needed, then click [Save].

Region	Brand	Model	Year	Configuration	Car info
	Front axle			Rear axle	
Parameter		Min	Star	ndard	Max
Front Total To	e	-00.13°	00	.00°	00.13°
FL Toe		-00.06°	00	.00°	00.06°
FR Toe		-00.06°	00	.00°	00.06°
FL Camber @		-01.93°	-00	.65°	00.63°
FR Camber @		-01.93°	-00	.65°	00.63°
Left Caster		01.56°	02	.59°	03.62°
<b>Right Caster</b>		01.56°	02	.59°	03.62°

In the pop-up dialog, enter the configuration name in the pop-up dialog box, and click [OK] to save the modified configuration as a custom configuration.

Save Configuration				
Enter the configuration name				
	CANCEL	ОК		

### 3.5.2 Custom Database

In addition to the standard database provided by the system, users can also add custom data to manually add vehicle model information that is not available in the standard data, making the system more suitable for maintenance station applications. Enter the "Custom Database" management interface through [Database]-> [Custom

Database] on the main interface.

$\downarrow$	Custom database	Q Enter a name		
	Name	Car info	Creation Time	
	model3	American>Tesla>Y3>2023	2024-09-18	View Details
			Edit co	nfiguration New configuration

### Screen button instructions are as follows:

[View Details]	View the details of this custom data.			
[Edit Configuration]	Used to select and delete single or multiple custom data.			
[New Configuration]	Used to add new custom data.			

## 3.6 Device Management

This function is used to view device status and version information, manage device systems, and firmware upgrades.

Click [Device Management] on the main interface to enter the following interface:

WA613 Wireless 3D wheel Aligner User Manual

1) Measuring unit - left	Total Version V01.90	Main Version V01.90	System Version V00.08	Camera Version V01.01/V01.01	
	Measurement Version	Calib Version	WatchBachOther Version		(5)
	V01.22/V01.01	V01.12	V01.03		
	Total Version	Main Version	System Version	Camera Version	
Measuring unit - right	V01.90	V01.90	V00.08	V01.01/V01.01	
	Measurement Version	Calib Version	WatchBachOther Version		
			6	$\overline{O}$	8

### Screen buttons and display item descriptions are as follows:

1	Device name and identification	Used to identify and distinguish different device.
2	Connection status	When the device is not connected to the network, the icon is displayed in red. After the device is connected to the network, the icon turns blue and shows the network signal strength.
3	Battery status	<ul> <li>The icon is displayed as when the device is not connected to the network.</li> <li>The icon changes to after the device is connected to the network.</li> <li>The icon is displayed as a red when the battery level is below 20%.</li> </ul>
4	Device status	Used to check device status. It allows you to check the network connection status of the measurement units and the tablet, the battery level of the measurement units, and the network signal strength of the measurement units.
5	Version information	Used to display the system version, firmware version, and other version information of the WA613 device.

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6	Unbind device	This allows unbinding the WA613 device from the tablet.
		Used for one-click upgrading of the device firmware and system to the latest version.
		Note:
	One click upgrade	When upgrading, please set the power switch of the two
	One-click upgrade	measurement units to "ON".
		Please make sure that the battery level of each
		individual unit is above 80% or place the device on the
		charging base to charge.
8	Device scanning	Used to scan and connect the device for networking.

## 3.7 System Settings

This function is used for parameter settings, managing customer and store information, viewing application version and serial number, and other information.

## 3.7.1 Parameter Settings

Click [System Settings] on the main interface to enter the "Parameter Settings" page. Users can switch between different display units for toe-in, angle, track width and wheelbase, tread depth, tire pressure, and vehicle height as needed.

← Parameter	Settings	
Parameter	Toe-in unit	
Settings	Degree	
Info	Degree and minute	0
Shop Info	mm (Tire Outside Diameter 400 mm)	
About	inch(decimal inches) (Tire Outside Diameter 12 inch)	
	Angles (camber, caster, thrust angle)	
	Degree	
	Degree and minute	0
	Track width and wheelbase	
	inch(decimal inches)	
	mm	0
	Tread denth	

### 3.7.2 Customer Information

Click the [Customer Information] on the left side of the screen to enter the "Customer Information" management interface.

← Customer Info	o C	) Search				
Parameter Settings	Customer name	Telephone	License plate number	VIN	Address	Add time
Lustomer Customer	Jack	123578965823	B23458	1G1BL65P7TR234567	Chicago	2024-09-18
Shop Info						
About						
					Edit	Add

Click a single customer information, edit the corresponding information in the pop-up window, and click [Save] to modify the customer information.

Modi	ify customer info	
Customer name		
Jack		
Telephone		
13568555582		
License plate number		
yueDh8		
VIN		
HSDHHXSBJDHDJDHDF		
Address		
GU and CNN		
	Cancel	Save

Click [Edit], select the checkbox in front of the individual customer information, and then click [Delete].

BL65P7TR234567 Chicago 2	2024-09-18

Click [OK] in the pop-up dialog to delete the selected customer information.

	Hint	
Are y	rou sure you want to c	lelete?
	Cancel	ок

After clicking on [Add], enter the corresponding customer information in the pop-up window, and then click [Save] to add the customer information.

	Add customer info	
Customer name		
Telephone		
License plate number		
VIN		
VIII		
Address		
	Cancel	Save

### 3.7.3 Store Information

Click the left side of the screen to enter the [Store Information] management interface. Click [Edit], then edit the corresponding store information, click [Save] to save the new store information.

← Shop Info						
Parameter Settings	Repair shop	xx Repair shop				
Customer	Principal	lucy	Telephone	15698354785	Email	lucy@outlook.com
	Shop address	123 main ST. Los Angeles <u>CA</u> 9000				
Shop Info						
About						
						Edit

### 3.7.4 About

Click [About] on the left side of the screen to view the version number, serial number, and upgrade management.



Click [Upgrade], the system will check for new application versions and upgrade the application to the latest version.

## 4. Terms

Four-wheel alignment angle refers to the relative angle between the suspension system and various moving components. Maintaining the correct four-wheel alignment angle ensures the stability of the vehicle's movement and reduces tire wear.

The main angles of the four-wheel alignment of a car include: camber, toe-in, caster, and kingpin inclination.

## 4.1 Geometric Center Line

Longitudinal center plane of the vehicle body and the intersection of the horizontal plane passing through the front and rear axles of the vehicle.



## 4.2 Camber

Camber is defined as an angle formed by the centerline of the tire and the vertical line as viewed from the front of the car, which is **positive when outward and negative when inward**, as shown in the figure below. The different angles can change the contact point and force point between the tire and the ground, directly affecting the tire's grip and wear condition, and changing the distribution of weight on the axle, avoiding abnormal wear of the bearings. In addition, the existence of the camber can be used to counteract the angular changes caused by the deformation of the suspension system components and the clearance between the moving surfaces after the vehicle body is subjected to loads. The existence of the camber also affects the direction of travel of the car, just as motorcycles can use the inclination of the body to turn. Therefore, the camber angle of the left and right wheels must be equal, so as not to affect the straight-line stability of the car under the balance of forces, and to improve the straight-line stability and avoid uneven tire wear in coordination with the toe-in. If there is no positive camber, the wheels will incline too much towards the inside when fully loaded, thereby accelerating tire wear and wheel bearing wear. Therefore, this parameter can extend the life of tires and wheel bearings.



## 4.3 Toe-in (Angle)

Toe-in is defined as an angle formed between the centerline of the tire and the longitudinal axis of the car, as viewed downward from the top of the car, which is **positive when inward and negative when outward**, as shown in the figure below. The total toe-in value is equal to the sum of the Toe-in values of the two wheels, which is the angle between the centerlines of the two tires. The function of the toe-in is to compensate for the tendency of the tire to roll inward or outward due to the camber angle and road resistance, in order to ensure the straight-line stability of the car.

The parameter associated with the toe-in is the toe-out, also defined as the angle formed by the two tires when viewed from above the vehicle. However, the symbol definition is opposite to that of the toe-in angle, **negative when inward and positive when outward**. Due to some people being accustomed to using the toe-out, special attention should be paid to the difference between the toe-in and toe-out.



## 4.4 Kingpin Inclination

Kingpin inclination is defined as an angle formed by the centerline of the steering axis and the vertical line as viewed from the front of the vehicle, as shown in the figure below. The kingpin inclination angle can distribute the vehicle weight evenly on the bearings, protecting them from damage and making the steering force uniform and steering light. On the contrary, if the kingpin inclination angle is 0, the reaction force between the vehicle weight and the ground will generate a large lateral shear stress on the axle, which can easily damage the axle and make the steering heavy. In addition, the kingpin inclination is also the source of the steering return force of the front wheels. The kingpin inclination has been set at the beginning of the vehicle suspension design and is usually non-adjustable.



## 4.5 Kingpin Caster

Kingpin caster is defined as an angle formed by the centerline of the steering axis and the vertical line as viewed from the side of the vehicle, which is negative when forward and positive when backward, as shown in the figure below. The presence of the kingpin caster angle can make the intersection point of the steering axis and the road surface be in front of the tire contact point. The resistance of the road surface to the tire can be used to keep the car going straight. The principle is similar to the front wheel of a shopping cart automatically turning in the direction you apply force and maintaining straight movement. The larger the caster angle, the better the straight-line stability of the car and the better the steering response when turning. However, it will make the steering heavier. The kingpin caster angle of a normal car is approximately between 1~4 degrees.



### 4.6 Toe-out when Turning 20°

Toe-out when steering is defined as the difference in steering angle between the two front wheels when turning 20°, as shown in the figure below. When turning, the angle that the inner wheel turns is usually greater than the outer wheel, with a difference of about 2 degrees. The purpose is to allow the car to turn smoothly with the instantaneous center of the rear axle extension line as the center of the circle when turning. In addition, when the turning angle of the inner wheel is larger, the resistance is also larger. The difference in resistance can cause the car to lean towards the side with greater resistance, making steering easier.



## 4.7 Thrust Angle

Thrust angle is defined as a angle formed by the bisector (thrust line) of the total toe-in angle of the rear wheels and the geometric centerline. It is generally specified that the value is positive when the thrust line is leftward and negative when the thrust line is rightward. If the thrust angle is not zero, the vehicle has a tendency for lateral movement. If this situation occurs, the toe-in of rear wheels should be adjusted.



## 4.8 Max Steering Angle

The maximum steering angle of a car refers to an angle formed between the centerline of the front wheels when not steering and the front wheels turning to the extreme left or right.



## 4.9 Wheelbase Difference

Wheelbase difference refers to the angle between the line connecting the centers of the two front wheels and the line connecting the centers of the two rear wheels (also known as wheelbase deviation). When the distance between the right wheel and the left wheel is greater, this state defines the wheelbase difference as a positive value. Conversely, when the distance between the right wheel and the left wheel is smaller, this state defines the wheelbase difference as a negative value. If the track widths of the front and rear wheels of the car are already known in the car's specifications, the wheelbase difference can be expressed in angular values, as shown in the figure below.



## 4.10 Track Width Difference

Track width difference refers to the angle formed by the line connecting the front left wheel and the contact point with the ground, and the line connecting the rear left wheel and the contact point with the ground (also known as the wheel track width deviation). When the distance between the center lines of the two rear wheels is greater than the distance between the center lines of the two front wheels, this state defines the track width difference as a positive value. Conversely, it is a negative value. If the left and right wheelbase of the car is already known, the track width difference can be expressed in angular values, as shown in the figure below.



## 4.11 Left (right) Lateral Offset (angle)

The relative offset between the rear left (right) wheel and the front left (right) wheel in the lateral direction of the car is the lateral offset on the left (right) side. When the rear left (right) wheel is more inclined outward than the front left (right) wheel, the left (right) lateral offset is positive, otherwise it is negative. The angle between the line connecting the center of the front and rear left (right) wheels and the thrust line is the left (right) lateral offset angle.

## 4.12 Axle Offset (angle)

Axle offset refers to the relative offset of the front and rear axles in the lateral direction of a car. When the rear axle is offset to the right compared to the front axle, the axle offset is a positive value; otherwise, it is a negative value. The angle formed between the bisector of the track width difference angle and the thrust line is known as the axle offset angle.



# 4.13 Delay (angle)

The relative offset in the longitudinal direction of a car between the two wheels on the same axle is referred to as "delay". When the right wheel on the front (rear) axle is behind the left wheel, the front (rear) delay is a positive value; otherwise, it is a negative value. The angle between the centerline connecting the two front (rear) wheels and the line perpendicular to the longitudinal geometrical centerline of the car is called the front (rear) delay angle.

# 4.14 Included Angle

The angle Y between the kingpin axis and the wheel axis is called the included angle, the value of which is the sum of the kingpin inclination  $\alpha$  and the wheel camber  $\beta$ , as shown in the figure below.



# 4.15 Wheel Alignment

Half of the difference between the left toe-in and the right toe-in of the front wheel.

# 4.16 Symmetric Value

The geometric dimensions of a vehicle are usually symmetrical and are used to preliminarily determine whether the vehicle has been involved in an accident and the condition of the chassis, assisting in four-wheel alignment.

## Warranty

THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY LIMITED TO PERSONS WHO PURCHASE SMARTSAFE PRODUCTS FOR PURPOSES OF RESALE OR USE IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF THE BUYER'S BUSINESS.

SMARTSAFE electronic product is warranted against defects in materials and workmanship for one year from date of delivery to the user.

This warranty does not cover any part that has been abused, altered, used for a purpose other than for which it was intended, or used in a manner inconsistent with instructions regarding use. The exclusive remedy for any automotive meter found to be defective is repair or replacement, and SMARTSAFE shall not be liable for any consequential or incidental damages.

Final determination of defects shall be made by SMARTSAFE in accordance with procedures established by SMARTSAFE. No agent, employee, or representative of SMARTSAFE has any authority to bind SMARTSAFE to any affirmation, representation, or warranty concerning SMARTSAFE automotive meters, except as stated herein.

#### Disclaimer

The above warranty is in lieu of any other warranty, expressed or implied, including any warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose.

#### **Purchase Order**

Replaceable and optional parts can be ordered directly from your SMARTSAFE authorized dealer. Your order should include the following information:

- Order quantity
- Part number
- Part name

#### **Customer Service Center**

For any problem met during the operation, please call +86-0755-89589810.

If the device needs to be repaired, please send it back to SmartSafe, and attach the Warranty Card, Product Qualification Certificate, Purchase Invoice and problem description. SmartSafe will maintain and repair the device for free when it is within warranty period. If it is out of warranty, SmartSafe will charge the repair cost and return freight.

SmartSafe address:

3310, Building 11, Tian'an Cloud Park, Bantian Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

SmartSafe Website: http://www.newsmartsafe.com

#### Statement:

SMARTSAFE reserves the rights to make any change to product designs and specifications without notice. The actual object may differ a little from the descriptions in the manual in physical appearance, color and configuration. We have tried our best to make the descriptions and illustrations in the manual as accurate as possible, and defects are inevitable, if you have any question, please contact local dealer or after-sale service center of SMARTSAFE, SMARTSAFE does not bear any responsibility arising from misunderstandings.